

35 decrease by 20% Percent  
out of 100  
 35 - 20% of 35 20 percent  
 $\frac{20}{100} = 0.20$   
 $1(\underline{35}) - 0.20 \underline{(35)}$   
 $35(1 - 0.20)$  factory  
 $35(.80)$   
 Increase by per take away 20%,  
have 80% left  
 $a(1 + per)$  decrease by per  
 $a(1 - per)$

3c 300 decreased by 18%  
 $300(1 - 0.18) = 300(0.82) = 246$

## Section 1.1 Recursive formulas

- vocabulary
  - sequences
  - term
  - arithmetic
  - geometric
- recursion
- Recursive formula

# Sequences

↓  
numbers

→ way you do a problem  
sequential  $\Rightarrow$  in a certain order

List of numbers in a specific order.

term number → 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th  
term  $u_n =$  5, 8, 11, 14, 17, ...

Does not need to be a pattern.

29, 3, 13, 14, 6

⇒ Can range  
3, 6, 13, 14, 29

Position  $\Rightarrow$  term number

Sequence notation

sequence name  $u_1 = 5 \quad u_5 = 17$   
term number ↑  
calculator ( $u(1) = 5$ )

# Recursion

- use the last number to find the next
- do the same thing every time

$$U_n = 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, \dots$$

$+3 +3 +3 +3$

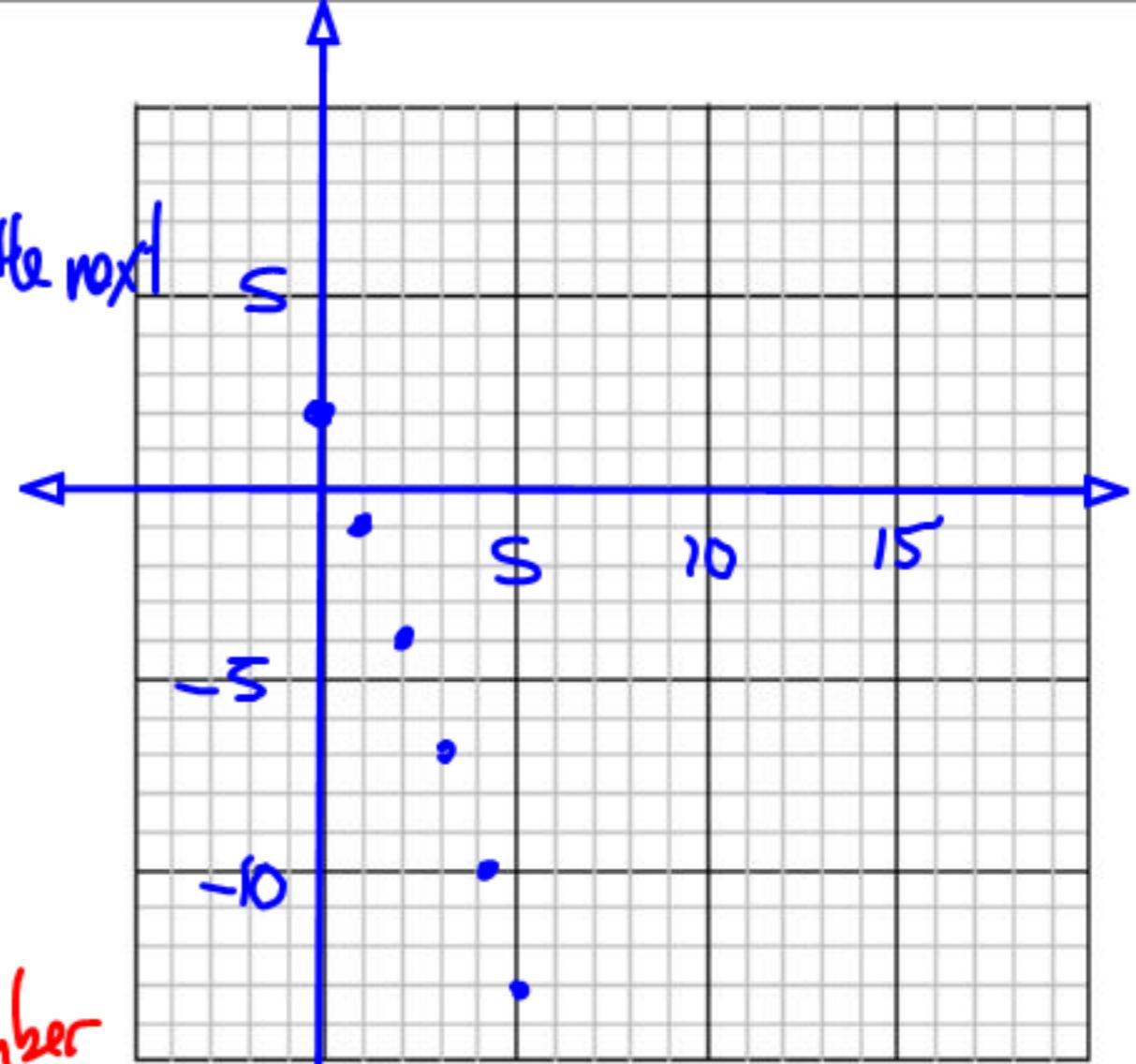
start at 5

rule add 3 to the last number



arithmetic sequence

(add the same number)



Graph  $y = \frac{2}{1} - \frac{3}{1}x$

grid

point

- down 3 right 1  
repeated



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start = 1  
rule  $\text{ans} \times 2$   
number before

$\Rightarrow$  week 1  
conclusive

$$u_1 = 1$$

$$u_n = 2 \cdot u_{n-1}$$

Start = 1

rule      ans  $\times 2$   
              number before

n	$u_n$
1	1
2	2
3	4
4	8
5	16
6	32

$\Rightarrow$  week 1

recurring  
formula

$$u_1 = 1$$

$$u_n = 2 \cdot u_{n-1}$$

↑

any term

$$u_{12} = 2048 \text{ sec}$$

$$u_{24} = 2 \cdot u_{23}$$

$$u_{24} = 8,388,608$$

$$u_{36} = 3.4 \times 10^{10} \text{ sec}$$

$$u_3 = 2 u_2$$

$$u_4 = 2 \cdot u_3$$

$$u_5 = 2 \cdot u_4$$

$$u_6 = 2 \cdot u_5$$

## Arithmetic Sequence

add the same number each time

$$\begin{cases} u_0 = a \\ u_n = u_{n-1} + d, \quad n \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

d = common difference

d = now - previous

$$d = u_n - u_{n-1}$$

a = starting value

## Geometric Sequence

multiply by the same number each time

$$\begin{cases} u_0 = a \\ u_n = r \cdot u_{n-1}, \quad n \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

r = common ratio

$$r = \frac{\text{now}}{\text{previous}}$$

$$r = \frac{u_n}{u_{n-1}}$$

a = starting value

Ex. Write recursion formula

$$1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4$$

$$4, 12, 36, 108, 324, \dots$$

$$r = \frac{12}{4} = 3 \quad a = 4$$

$$\frac{36}{12} = 3$$

$$\frac{108}{36} = 3$$

$$U_1 = 4$$

$$U_n = 3 \cdot U_{n-1}, \quad n \geq 2$$

$$U_n = (U_{n-1}) 3$$

$$7, 9.3, 11.6, 13.9, 16.2, \dots$$

$$d = 2.3$$

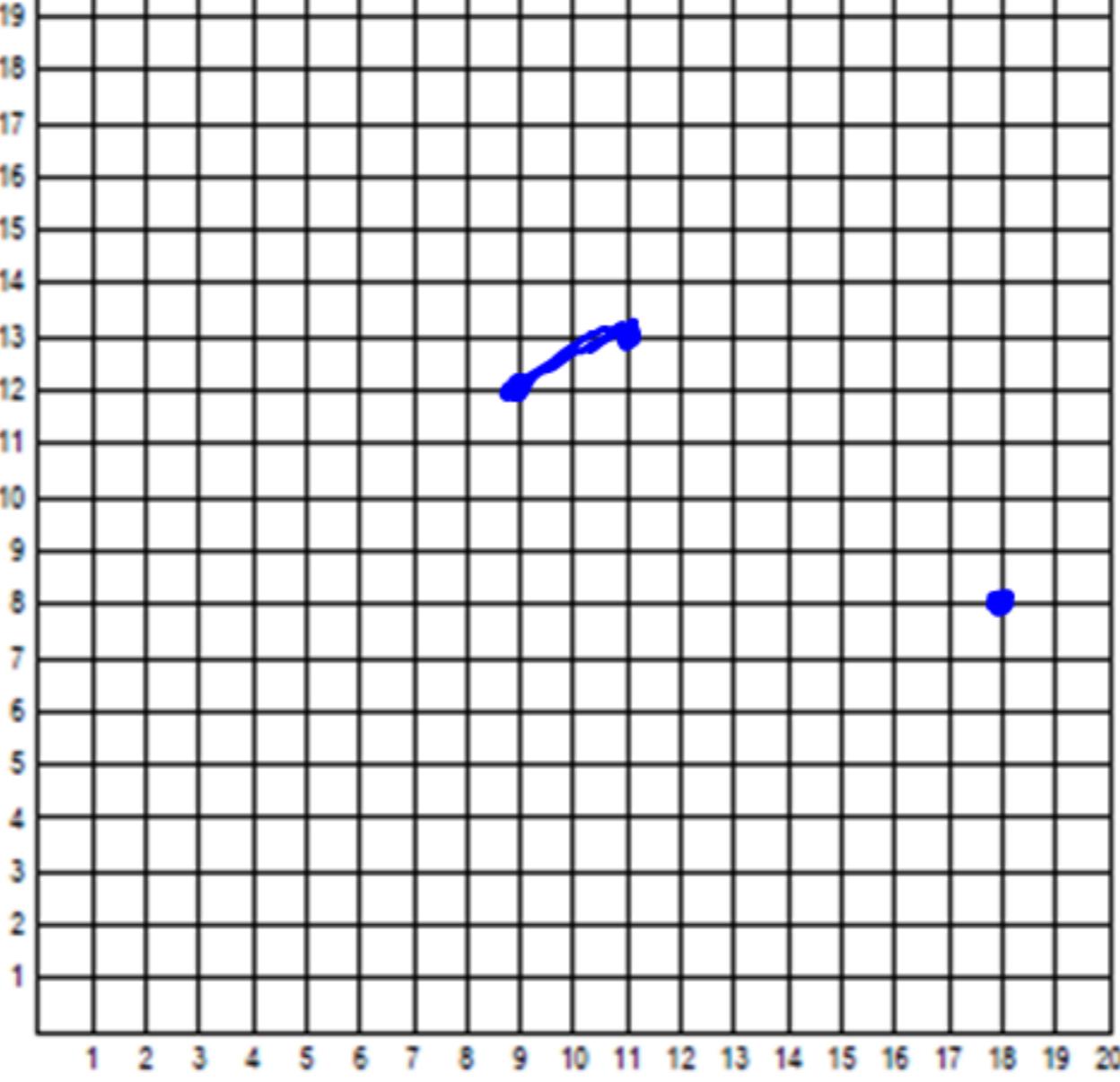
$$a = 7$$

$$U_1 = 7$$

$$U_n = U_{n-1} + 2.3, \quad n \geq 2$$

or

$$U_n = 2.3 + U_{n-1}, \quad n \geq 2$$



**Line 1:** (2, 10), (0, 13), (0, 16), (1, 18), (2, 14), (4, 12), (9, 12), (11, 13)  
**Line 2:** (18, 9), (16, 7), (14, 5), (12, 5), (11, 3), (12, 0), (10, 0), (9, 4),  
(9, 7), (10, 8) **Line 3:** (12, 5), (13, 1), (15, 1), (14, 4), (15, 6) **Line 4:**  
(8, 5), (7, 4), (8, 1), (6, 1), (5, 4), (6, 6), (6, 9) **Line 5:** (10, 10), (15, 8),  
(20, 10), (18, 16), (20, 18), (17, 19), (17, 16), (13, 16), (13, 19), (10, 18),  
(12, 16), (10, 10) **Line 6:** (14, 9), (16, 11), (14, 11), (16, 9) **Line 7:**  
(13, 10), (15, 8), (17, 10) **Line 8:** (13, 12), (14, 12), (14, 13), (13, 12)  
**Line 9:** (3, 12), (1, 8), (2, 5), (2, 3), (3, 0), (5, 0), (4, 3), (6, 6), (9, 5)  
**Line 10:** (16, 12), (16, 13), (17, 12), (16, 12)